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joining one of the existing first-grade colleges is by means of scholarships. We can then be sure that the money spent is spent to the best advantage in assisting only those young men who have good abilities and who are likely to be benefited by a further course of instruction.

3. In his scheme Mr. Barrow shows a small annual profit, and Mr. Stone thinks that Mr. Barrow's anticipations as regards the number of new students and the financial success of the college will very probably be realized. It is equally probable that when the railway to Mangalore, Cannanore and Tellicherry is open, many students will be inclined to go to Madras right through instead of stopping at Palghat. Even if Mr. Barrow's expectations were realized, the opening of the new classes would affect the strength and fee-income of the first-grade colleges in Madras and Trichinopoly which must, nevertheless, maintain their present costly establishment. I am doubtful whether the municipality will be able to command the services of a competent European Vice-Principal for the poor salary offered, viz., Rs. 250—300, even if the Vice-Principal has the prospect of succeeding to the Principalship on Mr. Barrow's retirement. The other salaries offered also seem to me not high enough to attract and retain really good men.

4. The question of accommodation is also an important one. The additional buildings now proposed are intended partly at least to take the place of temporary buildings in which the existing classes are accommodated. If new college classes are opened, it will be difficult to find room for them and it will ere long be necessary to extend the accommodation still further.

5. As Mr. Barrow shows a profit, he does not at present propose to apply for increased grants from Government. But, if I am right in anticipating that the salaries would have to be raised to secure the services of really competent men and that new buildings would have to be erected, it is extremely probable that increased grants will be sought for at no distant date. In the face of the recent resolution of the Government of India, I do not think Government could be justified in spending money on the starting of another first-grade college unless there be overwhelming proof of the need for it, and I doubt whether there is such proof.

6. In view of the above facts and of the fact that the proposed increase in the staff does not seem enough to work the proposed new department of the college, I recommend that the scheme be not sanctioned.

Appendix VI.

[Vide answer to question No. 438 asked by Sriman Sasibhushan Rath Mahasayo at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 13th November 1922, page 504 supra.]

I

G.O. No. 238 L., dated 6th February 1914.

Read—the following papers :—

(i)

Memorandum No. 431-4, *Educational, dated* 12*th May* 1913.

In order to extend the facilities for secondary education to the Uriya speaking population of Ganjām, the Government consider that the board incomplete secondary school at Russellkonda should be developed into a

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complete secondary school with the aid of subsidies from Provincial funds. The Director of Public Instruction is accordingly requested to open negotiations with the District Board of Ganjām and to submit definite proposals in this regard for the consideration of Government.

L. Davidson,
Secretary to Government.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

(ii)

Letter from the hon. Sir Alfred Gibbs Bourne, D.Sc., F.R.S., K.C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction, to the Secretary to Government, Educational Department, dated Madras, the 9th December 1913, No. Ref. on Cur. 6888.

With reference to Government Memorandum No. 431–4, Educational, dated 12th May 1913, I have the honour to report that the President, District Board, Ganjām, was consulted regarding the development of the Russellkonda school and the opening of the fourth form during the current year was suggested. This suggestion has been adopted and the details of the expenditure involved as furnished by the President and recommended by the Inspector are as follows :—

Recurring expenditure per annum.		For the current year.
	RS.	RS.
Two teachers on Rs. 100 and Rs. 60 each ..	1,920	619
Contingencies	80	80
Capital expenditure (science and other equipment including desks)	..	2,000
Total ..	2,000	2,699

2. Of the two teachers, the headmaster on Rs. 100 is reported to have been appointed with effect from the 20th October, and in calculating the salary of the assistant master I have assumed that the president will have secured one by 1st December 1913. Thus the charge under 'salaries' that will probably be incurred this year on account of the fourth form comes to Rs. 619 and the total cost to nearly Rs. 2,700. The recurring expenditure may be met during the current year from the balance of the 1·35 lakhs for secondary schools (Imperial) and the non-recurring amount from the balance of the Imperial grant of 23 lakhs.

3. As regards accommodation, I have called for proposals from the Inspector of Schools which will be submitted on receipt.

4. The President reports that the question of taking the school under the direct management of the district board, the advisability of which has been suggested by me, will be considered by the Board at its next meeting.

Order—No. 238 *L., dated* 6*th February* 1914.

The Government accept the arrangements made by the Director of Public Instruction for opening a fourth form during the current year with a view to develop into a complete secondary school the board incomplete secondary school at Russellkonda, and the employment of two teachers on Rs. 100 and Rs. 60 per mensem is sanctioned with effect from the dates of their entertainment.

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2. The net cost of the whole school will be met from Provincial funds with effect from 1913–14.

3. The decision of the district board regarding the future management of the school, referred to in paragraph 4 of the Director's letter read above, is awaited.

4. Further orders will issue in the Educational Department

(True extract)

W. Francis,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the President, District Board, Ganjām.
,, Director of Public Instruction.
,, Educational Department (with copy of notes).
,, Financial Department.

II

G.O. Mis. No. 1529 L., dated 1st September 1914.

Read—the following paper :—

Letter from the President, District Board, Ganjām, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, dated 23rd July 1914, R.C. No. 712/D.B.

I have the honour to state that the management of the secondary school at Russellkonda was taken over by the District Board with effect from 1st April 1914.

2. On the recommendation of the Inspector of Schools, First Circle, fifth form was opened in the school with effect from 1st July 1914 in anticipation of Government sanction and arrangements will soon be made for the appointment of an additional teacher on Rs. 70 per mensem.

3. I request you to be so good as to obtain the sanction of Government to the opening of the fifth form and to the entertainment of an additional teacher on Rs. 70 per mensem.

Order—Mis. No. 1529 *L., dated* 1*st September* 1914.

Sanctioned.

(True extract)

F. B. Evans,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To the President, District Board, Ganjām.
,, Educational Department.

III

G.O. Mis. No. 766 L., dated 27th May 1915.

Read—the following papers :—

G.O. No. 238 L., dated 6th February 1914.

G.O. No. 1529 L., dated 1st September 1914.

From the President, District Board, Ganjām, R.C. No. 440/D.B., dated 11th April 1915.

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Order—Mis. No. 766 *L., dated 27th May* 1915.

The Government sanction the proposal of the President to open a sixth form in the board secondary school at Russellkonda with effect from 1st July 1915.

(True extract)

C. S. ANANTARAMA AYYAR,
Under Secretary to Government.

To the President, District Board, Ganjam.
,, Educational Department.
,, Director of Public Instruction.

III

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS TO THE COUNCIL.

Khan Bahadur MUHAMMAD USMAN SAHIB Bahadur :—" Sir, under Standing Order No. 73, I beg to present three petitions to the Council. One is from Moulana Moulavi Haji Muhammad Habib-ul-lah Sahib and others, worshippers of the Wallajahi, Anwari and Mamoor mosques, supporting the Prince of Arcot Endowments Bill. The second is that of the Muhammadan Ulemas and Muftis of the Islamic religion who also give their support to the Bill. The third is from some leading Mussalman Ulemas and Divines of Madras who are of opinion that the income derived from mosques should be spent on mosques alone. With these words, I beg to present them to the Council."

IV

PUBLICATION OF THE COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The hon. the PRESIDENT :—" I have to announce to the House that I have decided to make a slight change of procedure which will, I hope, have the effect of expediting the publication of our proceedings. During his recent deputation to study Parliamentary Procedure, the Secretary noticed that the reports of the debates of the House of Commons were regularly handed in to the printer without being shown to the members for revision of their speeches, there being however a note at the back of each day's official report to the effect that, before it was included in the regular debates, five days would be allowed to members for communicating any verbal corrections in the printed report of their speeches. I now propose to adopt this plan with such modifications as may be indispensable in the publication of our own proceedings. The speedy publication of the debates of the House of Commons is in a large measure due to the fact that not only is the reporting staff a capable one, but they have quite a free hand in their task ; it is very seldom that any member wants to revise his speech. One precaution which in the circumstances of our reporting seems necessary will be adopted : that is, the speeches, after being transcribed by the reporters, will be gone through carefully by the Secretary with the assistance of members of the staff so that ordinary reporters' mistakes may be rectified : for the rest, hon. Members will be given five days after the receipt by them of the proof for returning it with their corrections to the Secretary and the reports will then be finally struck off. This system will secure to hon. Members the advantage of having their speeches in print in the first instance within a day or two after they have been delivered, instead of having to wait for a fortnight or so as hitherto to get copies. I trust that all hon. Members will co-operate with the Secretary in making this new departure a success."